THE FUTURE HOMES DELIVERY PLAN

The sector-wide climate and environment plan for high quality homes and places Summary of the goals, the shared roadmap and the Future Homes Delivery Hub





Foreword



One of the defining challenges of our time is, simultaneously, to tackle the shortage of high-quality homes; avoid adding to climate change; improve biodiversity and our wider natural environment; create homes that are high quality, comfortable, safe and ready for inevitable changes in our climate; and create beautiful neighbourhoods where people want to live and work.

The fundamental importance of our homes and immediate environments to our collective wellbeing has never been clearer than over the last year, during the national lockdowns.

Earlier this year, the Government took a substantial step in this journey – setting the Future Homes Standard at a level which means that new homes will move away from fossil fuel heating and be future proofed with high levels of energy efficiency. But this is a multi-faceted set of challenges. Decarbonising new homes also means decarbonising the process of production and construction, designing developments to support low carbon lifestyles and driving carbon from business operations.

At the same time Net Biodiversity Gain means weaving nature more effectively in and around developments not only to improve quality of life but also to reverse wider biodiversity loss. We need to build homes that are well ventilated with fresh air, avoid overheating, are protected from flood risk and are more efficient in their use of water and resources.

Throughout we need to make sure we are building better

homes and are more attractive and nature-rich places to live, inspiring customers to demand homes that meet the new standards. In combination this means a wholesale change in how we design and build homes for future generations. This is no small task.

It is at once exciting and an opportunity to unleash the spirit embodied in the Prime Minister's Ten Point Plan for a Green Industrial Revolution, spurring on new innovations and domestic supply chains. But we must also concentrate minds on the seriousness of the task. We must ensure our solutions are up to the size of the challenge and we must manage the risks associated with innovating quickly at scale across the country. We must also ensure the solutions work for all sizes and types of company, house type and all parts of the country in line with the Just Transition.

We will require new skills across the trades. We will need to bring together many of our greatest innovations and a new level of collaboration across the industry, to ensure supply chains respond at the right scale and we innovate together on the infrastructure needed. We will need to draw on everyone's expertise.

We have therefore been delighted to work together as leaders across the fields that contribute to and influence home building through the Future Homes Task Force to develop this plan which we believe responds to the scale of the challenge. This is in many ways the first sector-wide plan that not only covers sustainability as a whole, but also comes with a clear set of delivery proposals. The Future Homes Delivery Hub will be the focal point for supporting the industry's implementation of the Future Homes plan and roadmap, including but going beyond the Future Homes Standard. It will be a safe space for the sector to come together, pool technical capacity and innovations, and find solutions with co-dependent sectors. The Hub will be industry led and supported by government to ensure successful sector-wide implementation.

The Hub will work with and connect the many great existing initiatives rather than replace or duplicate them. It must, as a priority, support smaller businesses including those in the self and custom build sector. The Hub must also work seamlessly with the Office for Place to make sure that sustainability and beauty go hand in hand. The Hub will have robust governance and accountability arrangements.

We would like to thank the very wide circle of stakeholders who have generously given their time to help get us to the starting line.

Now collectively we must ensure that we deliver, holding each others' feet to the fire, to make this positive vision for our country a reality. We judge previous generations by how well they build and so we will be judged by how we build.

This is our opportunity to get it right.



Report of Future Homes Task Force

The Future Homes Task Force 27 July 2021

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This document sets out the commitment to collaborate on the goals and a shared roadmap through the Future Homes Delivery Hub.



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Summary of the delivery plan

The Future Homes Delivery Hub will oversee delivery of the goals and roadmap



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Summary of the goals





High-quality homes that are zero carbon ready and sustainable. Target levels to be set for 2025 (See page 8).





Places and developments that are consistently low carbon, nature-rich, resilient, healthy, well designed and beautiful by 2025.







Businesses operations in line with the Race to Zero: net zero by 2050 with a 50% reduction by 2030.









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Summary timelines of sector-wide goals and commitments

	HEADLINE GOAL	FROM 2025	FROM 2030	FROM 2040						
	Zero carbon ready		Zero carbon ready (for regulated energy) across all homes, with very high fabric efficiency standards. (kWh/m2/yr; precise levels to be determined). Investigation of how further to reduce energy demand and emissions sector-wide.							
	Healthy, safe and comfortable	arget levels to be set for 2025 for interlinked elements such as: overheating, air quality, sound, space and accessibility, safety and aylighting.								
Homes that are:	Water efficient		Zero carbon ready (for regulated energy) across all homes, with very high fabric efficiency standards. (kWh/m2/yr; precise levels to be determined). Investigation of how further to reduce energy demand and emissions sector-wide. Farget levels to be set for 2025 for interlinked elements such as: overheating, air quality, sound, space and accessibility, safety and daylighting. Nork with government to develop a roadmap in 2022 to achieve greater water efficiency in new development, including exploring the role for a fittings approach, for new technologies and innovative water systems and the potential for future targets for reducing water use in 2025 and 2030.							
	Designed for sustainable living	Incorporate technologies that enable sustainable	1025 and 2030. Incorporate technologies that enable sustainable lifestyles, including zero emission vehicle readiness. Il relevant applications will consistently design low carbon, nature, sustainable lifestyles, resilience, health and beauty into developments, Include with the National Model Design Code as early as possible. This will include greater connectivity with low carbon modes of transport							
	Are well designed		relevant applications will consistently design low carbon, nature, sustainable lifestyles, resilience, health and beauty into developments, line with the National Model Design Code as early as possible. This will include greater connectivity with low carbon modes of transport.							
Places that:	Maximise Biodiversity Net Gain	Optimise benefits for nature and people from Biodiversity Net Gain once introduced. If appropriate, once properly analysed and understood, pilot the move to Environmental Net Gain and, work with the Government to develop the methodologies.								
	Achieve water resilience	All relevant applications give early and strategic consideration of how to proactively manage long term flood risk and water resilience, availability and quality at site and property level including the use of multi-benefit SuDS. Collaborative action to reduce pressure across the system, notably in areas vulnerable to nutrient overloads, water stress and floods. Ambition to meet or exceed the World GBC Net Zero pathway, with rapid analysis to set robust and stretching targets for 2025, 2030 and 2040 and/or other dates as appropriate.								
	Respect environmental thresholds	Collaborative action to reduce pressure across the system, notably in areas vulnerable to nutrient overloads, water stress and floods.								
	Zero embodied carbon	Ambition to meet or exceed the World GBC Net Zero pathway, with rapid analysis to set robust and stretching targets for 2025, 2030 and 2040 and/or other dates as appropriate.								
Production and	Resource efficiency	Incremental improvements and target to be set for 2025, 2030 and 2040.								
construction that achieves:	Water officiency	Early work to set reduction targets for, 2025, 2030 and 2040.								
	Water efficiency	Up to 30% reduction.	Up to 40% reduction.	Up to 50% reduction.						
	Low emissions to air	Air quality target to be set for 2025, 2030 and 2040.								
Businesses operations that are:	Net zero and sustainable	Establish and implement wider sustainability goals.	50% reduction in business emissions by 2030.	Net zero business emissions by 2050.						

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ROADMAP: performance of homes in operation



New goveri policy or t

nment arget	Potential target	Enabling activity done or catalysed through hub	Precondition
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7	20	21	202	22 2023	2024	2025	203	0 20	40 2050
PERFORMANCE OF HOMES IN OPERATION	Government	water eff	ficiency, air quality, overhea	FHS: 1 Environment Bill Targets. andards alongside the Future Homes Standard to ensure ating, design for sustainable living.	e coherence across the issues inclu	ding: to incorporate		ull Future Homes Standard. diesel cars.	
		SAP upd paramete				Review and update SAP.			
	Systematic		Combined appro Innovation and design Work at scal Deve	evelop sector-wide performance metrics and monitoring g as feedback loop to better reflect actual performance ach to achieve 2021 and 2025 in all areas, by strategical > technical specification > testing new designs > scale > re-designing standards home le with supply chain, skills and training providers, infrastr lop online and offline support, outreach and training, tail ens throughout. Actively engage the customer to increas home user guide templates an	lly reviewing process changes and d exemplars country-wide > post-ocd types. ructure providers, finance, certifying lored to support smaller developers se appetite for homes built to new s	Jesign types: cupancy evaluation bodies.			
	Zero carbon ready		Infrastructure	hnologies (e.g. MVHR, water heat recovery, ASHPs, GSH and switch off fossil fuels management (e.g. smart controls, batteries and energy	IIPs, Pvs)		rbon ready homes.	netric.	
	Healthy and comfortable		Ensure overheat	ing is mitigated whilst increasing airtightness.		Target le daylighti	evels to be set for overheating.	g, air quality, sound, space and ac	cessibility, safety and
	Water efficiency		exploring the rol	nment to develop a roadmap in 2022 to achieve greater le for a fittings approach, for new technologies and inno cing water use in 2025 and 2030.			al water reduction targets for	2025 and 2030.	
	Designed for		Longer-term des community.	sign measures to allow home users to live sustainably re	eflecting changing needs of occupa	nts and the Incorporiappropri-		adiness and other sustainable life	style enabling technologies as

ROADMAP: planning and site design



						New government policy or target	Potential target	Enabling activity done or catalysed through hub	Precondition
	20)21 2	2022	2023	2024	2025	2030	2040	2050
Z	Government asks and actions	engage local communities co	Environment Bill Targets ing reform on: how to join up environm onsistently and efficiently; and on the p irements have been met in a user frien	ental and development planning; ho rocesses to demonstrate that the		Implement the new planning m nould apply for permissions from 20 developed through the Hu	25, informed by the met	Expand to Environmental Ne	et Gain
D SITE DESIGN	Systematic approach	•	ollaborative work with the development The templates for implementing the N way with Biodiversity Net Gain, the fut requirements and elements in this pla Barriers and needs for additional supp Arrangements for successful implement Demonstrator projects to facilitate shi engagement Programme to build capacity and u industry and local government, wit	ational Model Design Code in a col- ure homes standard and all the other ort entation including for stewardship ared innovation, learning and custor	er				
AND	Well designed		During 2023 establish the activitie		for Place on the programme above. ntegrate nature into development and he nment Bill.	and beauty into develop	pments, In line with the N	low carbon, nature, sustainable lational Model Design Code as e v with low carbon modes of trans	early as possible. This will
DNING	Achieve water resilience		Water resilience will be incorpo climate projections (UKCP) inclu multi-benefit SuDs where possi sector's Design & Constructi	rated into the industry-led programmed into the industry-led programmed by a construct of the second	ne above to achieve resilience to future nsidering location and site design, using resilience. This would reflect the water solutions can improve water quality.	All relevant applications risk and water resilience	, availability and quality a	consideration of how to proactiv at site and property level includir enefit SuDs.	ely manage long term flood ig through the use of multi-
PLAN	Maximise Biodiversity Net Gain			body expertise to advise on incorpo	d partnership arrangements with the address long-term maintenance of sites orating best practice measures. d etting could aid increasing BNG beyond 10° rm approach to Environmental Net Gain, if s		met	ersity Net Gain once introduced. mental net gain and, work with hodologies.	If appropriate, once properly government to develop the
	Respect environmental thresholds		Investigate the solutions that ca neutrality pilots, ar	he used where threshold issues and floods. Catalyse and bring togeth	ise such as nutrient neutrality and water er the findings from pilots.	Collaborative action to red	luce pressures across th water st	e system, notably in areas vulne ress and floods.	rable to nutrient overloads,

ROADMAP: production and construction



						New government policy or target	Potential target c	bling activity done or atalysed rough hub	Precondition
	20	21	2022 2	2023	2024	2025	2030	2040	2050
				FHS: 1			Full Future Homes Stand	dard.	
TION			Agree measurement methods, reviewing existing measurement standards, including with supply chai	in.					
Ē			Measure and publish current performance across th industry.	he					
S	Systematic		Assess what reductions can be made when, reflecti the whole life environmental impacts.	ing					
STRU	approach		Set targets and a detailed roadmap for how carbor resources, water and air pollution can be reduced during the construction lifecycle, including the speci mechanisms and actions needed.	n, ffic					
NO			Understand clashes and synergies with the Future Homes Standard and other changes.	9					
CO			Meanwhile, identify quick wins that can be implemented across the sector.	Publish and support materials the sector.	for				
N AND	Zero embodied carbon		Work with supply to achieve: • EPDs for each product • Expanded supply of low/zero carbo • Support SMEs in selecting materia				the World GBC Net Zero pathway, 040 and/or other dates as approp	with rapid analysis to riate.	o set robust and stretching
PRODUCTION	Resource efficient		Work with supply chain to drive actic	on on plastics and other waste.		Incremental improvement and target to be set for 2025, 2030 and 2040.) Zero avoidable waste a	t all stages of the cc	instruction lifecycle by 2050.
	Water efficient		Connect to meter at site start to mea Working with suppliers and water co meet the 2025 – 2040 pathway.		ter usage options to allow scale up prior	to Up to 30% reduction.	Up to 40% reduction.		o 50% ction.
	Low air pollution		Collaboration with manufacturers on	future machinery and site facilities.		Air quality targets to be set for	r 2025, 2030 and 2040.		

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ROADMAP: sustainable business



						New government policy or target	Potential target	Enabling activity done or catalysed through hub	Precondition
	20	21 20	22 20	23 20)24	2025	2030	2040	2050
BLE BUSINESS		Secure accreditation for the Future Homes							
	Zero embodied	plan to be part of Race to Zero.				50% reduction by 2	030, moving to net	zero by 2050.	
	carbon	home bui Race to Zer	the options and actions for Iding operations to meet the ro trajectory including through ising business transport and						
			working space.						
	Other environmental	opera environm office	h the scope to set business tion targets for the other nental goals, for example on water and waste, and the responding measures.			Potential sustainab	l ble business targets	s to be set.	
NA		Establish	how corporate reporting can	Track progress across all	elements of the plan.		1		
TAI		be done most effectively and efficiently in line with this plan and wider requirements such as TCFD.							
SUSTAINABL	Across all targets	achieve ea four doma single us mechanism	and assess "quick wins" to rly progress across any of the ains, for example to eliminate se plastics. Additionally, the to implement at scale across the sector.						
			Publish guidance.						



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Background to the delivery plan



Context to homes and the environment

The climate and environmental policy framework.

The science tells us we need to act urgently to confront climate change and wider environmental pressures. UK governments have responded by putting in place a new policy framework to ensure these challenges are addressed.

In England this includes the legally binding targets of net zero greenhouse gas emissions through the **Climate Change Act** and wider targets covering nature, resources, water and air quality, through the new **Environment Bill**.

The new **National Design Guide and National Model Design Code** provide a framework for local authorities to design climate and environmental issues into development more consistently at planning stage.

The cycle of **Climate Change Risk Assessments** and **National Adaptation Programmes** under the Climate Change Act means policy will increasingly require policy to anticipate climate change impacts such as overheating, flooding and water stress.

The challenge for home building.

Taken together, this national framework of targets and goals constitute possibly the biggest set of challenges the homebuilding sector has ever faced. We know that these targets are with us for the long term, reinforced through growing public demand and for example, the environmental social and corporate governance (ESG) criteria set through the investment community.

Already we are beginning to see the process of translating national targets into policies specific to homebuilding with the Future Homes Standard and Biodiversity Net Gain. Inevitably this process of policy translation will continue for example, to address carbon emissions over a building's entire lifecycle (including the embodied carbon associated with construction and materials) and to meet water and resource efficiency targets.

Collectively, they require fundamentally, rethinking the way we design and build homes.

Understanding the home building context.

Managing this process of sector-wide transformation to meet the environmental challenges, while building enough and better homes, requires understanding the operational, commercial, market and environmental context for home building. In particular the:

- social and government objective to build more homes
- the need to bring the customer with us
- industry structure and context for smaller developers
- nature of the market
- land market and project cycles
- ecosystem of sectors and professions that influence new homes – and therefore need to be brought into the process of change
- interlinkages, co-dependencies and co-benefits between environmental issues and other operational issues
- need to manage innovation and delivery at scale safely and smoothly.

The need for a pro-active and structured framework for collaboration.

The Task Force therefore advocates a strategic delivery plan that is:

- well-structured and sequenced
- sector-wide
- facilitating collaboration between the co-dependent sectors involved in building homes
- durable
- putting experience and value for the customer at the heart of change.





Goals, commitments and roadmap

Organising the challenge into business domains where change is needed.

The sector-wide plan has therefore been developed to translate the national policy framework into a structured and sequenced delivery plan.

The plan is organised into four domains, reflecting the business activities that shape the environment's:

- performance of homes in operation
- planning and site design
- production and construction process
- wider business

Sequencing goals and commitments to plan for transformational change.

The Task Force recognises that it is not possible to do everything at once and that the roadmap therefore needs to be carefully sequenced. The table on page 8 shows the goals structured into time periods from 2025, 2030 and 2040 to facilitate collaborative planning for sector-wide transformation. The set of relevant environmental issues is considered together within each domain to enable joined-up thinking, for example about how homes can be designed to be zero carbon, water efficient, comfortable and safe at the same time.

While some of the goals have firm metrics and targets, others do not yet without further analysis. A year one activity for the delivery hub is therefore to complete the set of industry-wide metrics.

Roadmaps as 'staircase' to support sector-wide change.

For each domain the Task Force believes it is necessary there is a roadmap which sets out the current view of the 'staircase' of enabling steps that need to be taken across the sector to support the change. This includes the collaborative activities that will be undertaken through the delivery hub and the Government actions that will facilitate change.

This approach is particularly important for smaller developers to ensure sufficient timescales and the ability to develop the necessary skills and share learnings across the industry.

Support from government and a social compact.

The Task Force and stakeholder discussions consistently echoed the view that we can only create sufficient confidence to plan and collaborate over the timescales needed with the right degree of collaboration with government and more widely a form of 'social compact' between stakeholders involved in the process of delivery. Key players, including through representative bodies, need to commit to working together to achieve the goals.

The Task Force also believes support from government is vital to give widespread confidence that the plan is in line with government's objectives and to unblock progress where necessary.



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Implementation and delivery hub

The delivery hub will ensure the plan is genuinely sectorwide, brings together the 'delivery chain' of partners required to enable delivery, gives everyone confidence in delivery and is managed under a robust governance framework.

Emerging role and structure of the delivery hub.

Every developer will need to go through a similar change programme to meet not just the Future Homes Standard and wider aspects of net zero, but the wider set of goals in this plan. Rather than this change being managed separately by each 2,500 home builders, the purpose of the delivery hub is to facilitate collaboration and innovation across the sector, with the supply chain and with the range of expert bodies required to achieve the goals.

The Hub will own the enabling steps in the roadmap and to oversee and unblock progress. The Hub will be a small central team that brings together the right people, defines the right questions, delivers the right answers and does this at the right time. Strong buy in of both the development industry and wider delivery chain is essential.

Independence governance of the implementation at the delivery hub.

At the same time, to retain trust and credibility, especially as circumstances evolve and change over the next years, the Task Force is of the view that the roadmap and delivery hub must be subject to robust and independent governance. Early thinking is that this should consist of: an executive board to oversee delivery of the roadmap and the Hub's work programme; a small business steering group; an ongoing role for the Task Force; and a transparent and sustainable funding model.

Metrics and monitoring.

Early priorities for the Hub will be to translate the goals into a sector-wide set of performance metrics and to develop monitoring methods for the metrics. These metrics will form the basis for raising standards across the whole industry while providing a clear and objective basis for those who want to go further to differentiate.

The Hub should also oversee progress towards implementing the standards and commitments and the barriers to progress.

Small business and inclusivity.

The Hub should be designed to meet the needs of small businesses, providing the

outputs they need in accessible formats at the right time. A small developer group or groups should therefore help inform both the design of the Hub and its operation.

Similarly, the Hub should cater for all types of new home developer (for example, private, public and social housing) and look at solutions for all housing typologies (for example, detached, terraced or apartments).

Putting customers at the heart of delivery.

Throughout the Task Force process, a continued priority has been to recognise that home building is a customer-facing activity and that successful change must put the customer at the centre and actively engage the consumer to increase appetite for new homes build to new standards.

The Hub will therefore consistently need to look through the customer lens as it works with industry to design solutions, communicating the customer benefits of sustainable homes and providing support for using new technologies.

Success will be dependent upon future owner, occupiers, employers and communities understanding the impact and benefits.

Connecting support initiatives and organisations.

The Task Force recognises that meeting the set of sector-wide challenges will require everyone to work in concert. The Future Homes roadmap for the first time provides a single, sector-wide plan for the whole industry. To be effective, we must also collectively ensure that we align, connect and achieve consistency between this plan and any wider plans rather than to duplicate. Work is therefore underway to connect into other relevant plans such as the Construction Leadership Council's **CO2nstructzero plan** and the **UK Green Building Council's** roadmap.

Strategic alignment of the delivery chain.

The Task Force also recognises that meeting the challenges effectively, coherently, efficiently, with the timeframes set and while managing parallel risks for example to safety, depends on all those who play a part in the delivery chain facing in the same direction and working in a mutually supportive way. This includes, for example, the finance sector, local governance and planners, infrastructure and utilities, supply chains, skills and certification and warranty providers.

Future Homes Task Force background and process



A Housing and Environment Summit in January 2020, called for an industry-led strategic plan for climate and environment.

60 senior stakeholders met on 6 January 2020, from across developer and related industries, government, regulators, environmental and expert communities to discuss how best to tackle the environmental challenges facing the development of new homes.

There was widespread consensus on the need to act, that success was only possible if all those involved in the process of home building worked together towards common goals and of the need for a carefully sequenced and structured plan. There was also a clear view that the development sector was best placed to understand the process of innovation and change and should adopt a leadership position in taking the plan forward.

The conclusion of the summit was that stakeholders should therefore work collaboratively under the guidance of a high-level task force to develop a strategic industry-led climate and environment plan.

The Future Homes Task Force oversaw development of the strategic plan.

Following the initial phase of the pandemic, representatives from different parts of the home builder and supply chain industries, government, regulators and related stakeholder groups were asked to join the Future Homes Task Force to oversee the development of the plan between September 2020 and March 2021. The objective was to develop a strategic delivery framework commensurate with the challenge of building new homes at the scale needed in line with our climate, environment and wider sustainability goals. The Future Homes Task Force's vision is to deliver sustainable homes and places at a sector-wide scale that are great to live in and that we as a generation can be proud of.

The outputs were to identify the:

- commitments the new homes sector should make to achieving environmental goals
- strategic roadmap for meeting the commitments including the enabling actions
- implementation arrangements including the delivery hub to facilitate implementation of the roadmap

The process involved intensive engagement with all relevant stakeholders.

The Task Force process, managed by a small joint secretariat under the **Home Builders Federation** and the **Broadway Initiative**, involved intensive engagement to understand the operational issues for all those involved in the development of new homes and the views of different stakeholders. This engagement included the following:

- surveys of the home building sector and wider stakeholders
- post-first lockdown summit
- core group of home builders
- proposal development workshops
- home builders technical directors' group
- briefings on emerging proposals with home builder and other communities.



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